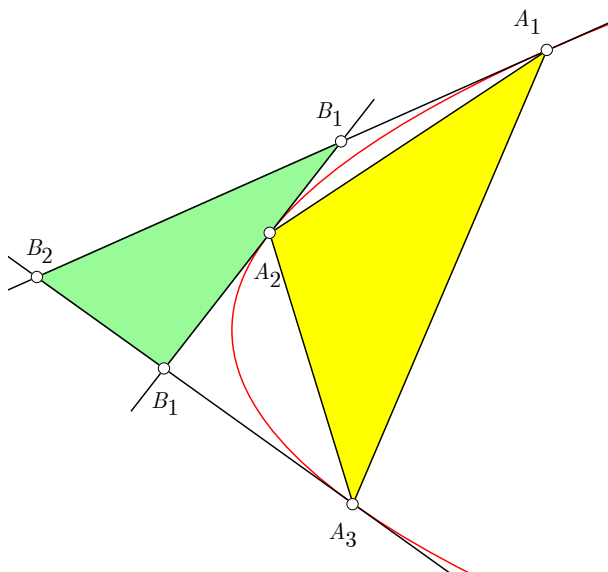


**Problema S185.** Let  $A_1, A_2, A_3$  be non-collinear points on parabola  $x^2 = 4py$ ,  $p > 0$ , and let  $B_1 = \ell_2 \cap \ell_3$ ,  $B_2 = \ell_3 \cap \ell_1$ ,  $B_3 = \ell_1 \cap \ell_2$  where  $\ell_1, \ell_2, \ell_3$  are tangents to the parabola at points  $A_1, A_2, A_3$ , respectively. Prove that  $[A_1A_2A_3]/[B_1B_2B_3]$  is a constant and find its value.

*Proposed by Arkady Alt, San Jose, California, USA*

*Solution by Ercole Suppa, Teramo, Italy*

Let  $A_1 = \left(u, \frac{1}{4p}u^2\right)$ ,  $A_2 = \left(v, \frac{1}{4p}v^2\right)$ ,  $A_3 = \left(w, \frac{1}{4p}w^2\right)$ .



Observe that the equation of the tangent to the parabola  $x^2 = 4py$  at its point  $T\left(t, \frac{1}{4p}t^2\right)$  is

$$2t(x - t) - 4p\left(y - \frac{1}{4p}t^2\right) = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad 2tx - 4py - t^2 = 0$$

Therefore the equations of the lines  $\ell_1, \ell_2, \ell_3$  are:

$$\ell_1 : 2ux - 4py - u^2 = 0$$

$$\ell_2 : 2vx - 4py - v^2 = 0$$

$$\ell_3 : 2wx - 4py - w^2 = 0$$

After some algebra we get

$$B_1 = \left(\frac{v+w}{2}, \frac{vw}{4p}\right), \quad B_2 = \left(\frac{u+w}{2}, \frac{uw}{4p}\right), \quad B_3 = \left(\frac{u+v}{2}, \frac{uv}{4p}\right)$$

$$[A_1A_2A_3] = \frac{1}{2} \left| \det \begin{pmatrix} u & \frac{1}{4p}u^2 & 1 \\ v & \frac{1}{4p}v^2 & 1 \\ w & \frac{1}{4p}w^2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right| = \frac{1}{8} \left| \frac{(u-v)(u-w)(v-w)}{p} \right| \quad (*)$$

$$[B_1B_2B_3] = \frac{1}{2} \left| \det \begin{pmatrix} \frac{v+w}{2} & \frac{vw}{4p} & 1 \\ \frac{u+w}{2} & \frac{uw}{4p} & 1 \\ \frac{u+v}{2} & \frac{uv}{4p} & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right| = \frac{1}{16} \left| \frac{(u-v)(u-w)(v-w)}{p} \right| \quad (**)$$

Finally, by using (\*),(\*\*) we obtain  $\frac{[A_1A_2A_3]}{[B_1B_2B_3]} = 2$ , establishing the result.  $\square$